**A. JS Exercises:**

1. Write a JS code to print numbers from 1 to 10.

2. Write a JS code to print a 2D array.

3. Write a JS code to print Even numbers in given array.

4. Write a JS code to delete all occurrence of element in given array

5. Write a JS code to demonstrate Async loop

6. Write a JS code to find the power of a number using for loop

7. Write a JS code to print a pattern using for loop

8. Write a JS code to find the no of digits in a number

9. Write a JS code to calculate the sum of digits in a number

10. Write a JS code to find the largest number in an array

11. Write a JS code to find the number of zeros in 2D Matrix

12. Write a JS code to find product of two arrays

13. Write a JS code to print the Fibonacci series for a given value of N

14. Write a JS code to find N value in the Fibonacci series for a given number

15. Write a JS code to count all letters in a word

16. Write a JS code to find duplicate values in a given array

17. Write a JS code for binary search algorithm

**B. JS For Loop Exercises:**

1. Get the sum of two arrays… actually the sum of all their elements. P.S. Each array includes only integer numbers. Output is a number too.

let arr\_1 = [3, 5, 22, 5, 7, 2, 45, 75, 89, 21, 2]; // --> 276

let arr\_2 = [9, 2, 42, 55, 71, 22, 4, 5, 90, 25, 26]; // --> 351

// Example output:

// 276 + 351 = 627

1. Using a for loop print all even numbers up to and including n. Don’t include 0.

let n1 = 22;

// Example output:

// 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 OR each item on a new line

1. Using a for loop output the elements in reverse order

let arr = [43, "what", 9, true, "cannot", false, "be", 3, true];

// Example output:

// true 3.5 be false cannot true 9 what 43 OR each item on a new line

1. Given two arrays of integers. Add up each element in the same position and  
   create a new array containing the sum of each pair. Assume both arrays are of the same length.

let arr\_3 = [4, 6, 7];

let arr\_4 = [8, 1, 9];

// Example output:

// [12, 7, 16]

1. Given a string change every second letter to an uppercase ‘Z’. Assume  
   there are no space.

let str1 = "javascript";

// Example output:

// jZvZsZrZpZ OR each letter on a new line

// HINT: You can use if((i+1) % 2 == 0) to check for even indexes

1. Check if a string contains the letter “y”. Print “yes” if it does and “no” if it does not.

let str2 = "don’t know why";

// Example output:

// “yes”

1. Given a number n Calculate the factorial of the number

let n2 = 4; // 4 \* 3 \* 2 \* 1 = 24

// Example output:

// 24

1. Write a program that will allow someone to guess a four-digit pin exactly 4  
   times. If the user guesses the number correctly. It prints “That was  
   correct!” Otherwise, it will print “Sorry that was wrong.” Program stops after the 4th attempt of if they got it right.

let pin = 0704;

// Example output:

// Please make your guess:

// 4544

// Sorry that was wrong.

// Please make your guess:

// 4444

// Sorry that was wrong.

// Please make your guess:

// 0704

// That was correct!

1. Write a program that will check if two strings are palindromes. A palindrome is a word that spells the same forward and backward.  
   Palindrome: a word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backward as  
   forward, e.g., madam or nurses run.

let str3 = "racecar";

let str4 = "Java";

// Example output:

// string1 palindrome?:

// Yes

// string2 palindrome?:

// No

1. This is a code wars kata. click here to train on “Grasshopper – Summation” on  
   code wars. Write a program that finds the summation of every number from 1 to num. The number will always be a positive integer greater than 0.

let num1 = 2;

let num2 = 8;

// Example output:

// 1 + 2 = 3